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Turn-on fluorescent sensor for glucose detection using manganese dioxide–phenol formaldehyde resin nanocomposite

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A turn-on fluorescent detection method based on manganese dioxide (MnO₂)-phenol formaldehyde resin (PFR) nanocomposite has been successfully constructed for rapid and sensitive detection of glucose. In the presence of MnO₂ nanosheets, the green fluorescence of PFR was quenched by fluorescence resonance energy transfer. Interestingly, PFR fluorescence can make a recovery by the addition of H₂O₂, which can reduce MnO₂ to Mn²⁺. The detection limit of 20 nM was obtained for H₂O₂. Further, the glucose was detected based on the enzymatic conversion of glucose by glucose oxidase to generate H₂O₂. A low detection of 1.5 μM glucose was achieved. Because of the non-auto fluorescent assays offered by PFR, the developed method has been applied to monitor glucose levels in human serum samples with satisfactory results. The developed turn-on fluorescent sensor might hold great promise in nanomedicine and bioanalysis.

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