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Possibility of using hetero-derivatives of fullerene C₆₀ as the carriers of drugs containing benzene, naphthalene or anthracene ring - endohedral complexes @C₅₄Y₆

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Statement of the Problem: The effects of the aromatic compounds on the boron, silicon and sulphur, fullerene C₆₀ hetero-derivatives stability and possibility of using created endohedral heterofullerenes as the carriers of compounds with pharmacological activity.

Methodology: All endohedral complexes were created by substitution of six carbon atoms of the fullerene cage by boron, silicon or sulphur atoms and all the heteroatoms were placed in the same hexagonal ring. The following complexes were studied: C₆H₆@C₅₄B₆, C₆H₆@C₅₄Si₆, C₆H₆@C₅₄S₆, C₁₀H₈@C₅₄B₆, C₁₀H₈@C₅₄Si₆, C₁₀H₈@C₅₄S₆, C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄B₆, C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄Si₆ and C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄S₆. After geometry optimization of each compound examined, all the lowest energy conformers were placed into carbon cages created of heterofullerene C₆₀ each and geometry of each complex was optimized. The energies of stabilization (Estab.), deformation (Edef) as well as total energy (E) of each examined heterofullerenes C₆₀ and their complexes (Ecx) with benzene, naphthalene and anthracene were calculated with the use of the molecular modeling technique (HF with STO-3G basis set, Spartan '14 software).

Findings: There were slight changes in the shape of the structure C₆H₆@C₅₄B₆ and very visible structural disturbances in C₁₀H₈@C₅₄B₆, C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄B₆. The flat molecules of naphthalene and anthracene were strongly distorted. The shape of the C₆H₆@C₅₄S₆, C₆H₆@C₅₄Si₆ and C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄Si₆ structure is similar to a "barrel" but in C₁₀H₈@C₅₄Si₆ and C₁₄H₁₀@C₅₄S₆ complexes, six-membered heteroatom rings were very stretched and deformed. In case of C₁₀H₈@C₅₄S₆ significantly elongation of six-membered heteroatom ring results in naphthalene release. The results reveal that examined systems are thermodynamically unstable. However; calculation suggests that those systems could exist despite positive energy values and therefore the possibility of using them as drug carriers may be assumed.

Conclusion: The tendency for some kind of ring opening may indicate the direction for further drug nanocarriers research and their opening ability to release compounds with pharmacological activity in the proper molecular target.

Recent Publications:

1. Matsubara M and Massobrio C (2007) Charge effects in silicon-doped heterofullerenes. *Applied Physics A* 86(3):289–292.
2. Grudzień M K, Suskiewicz M, Ajmanović A, Mędrek M, Pluciński F A and Mazurek A P (2014) Fullerenes as the carriers of compounds with amide bond. *Acta Poloniae Pharmaceutica Drug Research* 71(3):1073–1078.
3. Mazurek A P and Sadlej-Sosnowska N (2011) Is Fullerene C₆₀ Large Enough to Host an Aromatic Molecule? *International Journal of Quantum Chemistry* 111(10):2398–2405.
4. Ghafour R and Anafcheh M (2012) A Computational NICS and ¹³C NMR Characterization of C₆₀-n Si n Heterofullerenes (n = 1, 2, 6, 12, 20, 24, 30). *Journal of Cluster Science* 23(2):469–480.
5. Liu F L (2007) [5, 6]-Heterofullerene-like C₅₈Ge: odd atoms assembling a cage. *Physical Chemistry Chemical Physics* 9(29): 3872–6.

Biography

Monika K Grudzień completed her PhD in 2010 and it was rewarded in 2011. She is the Associate Professor at Department of Drug Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy with the Laboratory Medicine Division Medical University of Warsaw.

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