

Journal of Nuclear Energy Science & Power Generation Technology

Special Issue

Online Water Pump Level Control & Monitoring System Using Internet of Things

A Mummoorthy^{1*}, A Saraswathi², E Pavithra³

¹Department of IT , Malla Reddy college of engineering & Technology , Hyderabad, India

²Department of Computer Science, Government Arts College, Karur, India

³Department of Computer Science & Engineering, Malla Reddy Institute Of Technology and Science, Hyderabad, India

*Correspondence to: A Mummoorthy, Department of IT, Malla Reddy college ofengineering & Technology, Hyderabad, India, Tel: 9894764884; E-mail: amummoorthy@gmail.com

Received date: August, 24, 2021; Accepted date: November 18, 2021; Published date: November 29, 2021

Citation: Mummoorthy A, Saraswathi A, Pavithra E (2021) Online Water Pump Level Control & Monitoring System Using Internet of Things. J Nucl Ene Sci Power Generat Technol 10: 11.

Abstract

In this paper we are giving the brief outline about different techniques to measure soil fertility in order to check the productivity of crop. We are using here two devices to measure the constituents (potassium, phosphorus, nitrogen) of soil. After measuring fertility, we are proposing a system of automatic drip irrigation through IOT to measure the moisture of soil. There is a need for a smart irrigation system that can save about 80% of the water. This prototype aims at saving time and avoiding problems like constant vigilance. It also helps in water conservation. This application precisely controls water system for gardens by using a sensor micro controller system. It is achieved by installing sensors in the field to monitor the soil temperature and soil moisture which transmits the data to the microcontroller for estimation of water demands of plants.

Keywords: Internet of things, Arduino, WiFi module, Sensors, Irrigation.

Introduction

In the current time probably the best issue looked by the world is water shortage and farming being a requesting occupation devours a lot of water. Hence a framework is necessitated that utilizations water wisely. Brilliant water system frameworks gauge and measure lessening of existing plant dampness to work a water system framework, reestablishing water depending on the situation while limiting abundance water use. The dirt dampness based water system control utilizes Tensiometric and Volumetric methods, which are moderately straightforward yet these amounts are connected through a dirt water trademark bend that is explicit to a dirt sort. Additionally the sensors utilized require routine support for appropriate execution. Smart programmed plant water system framework concentrates watering plants consistently without human observing utilizing a dampness sensor. IoT interfaces different gadgets through electrical sensors and web. It comprises of actual items like structures, vehicles, apparatus and so forth which are associated by means of an

A SCITECHNOL JOURNAL

organization to installed electronic gadgets like an Arduino, programming projects, sensors, and network modules. IoT can undoubtedly gather assorted scope of information from different distant areas also. No human-to-human or human-to-PC association is required as all the correspondence happens remotely over the web, An ongoing remote savvy sensor exhibit for booking water system prototyped a constant, shrewd sensor cluster for estimating soil dampness and soil temperature that utilizations off-the-rack parts was created and assessed for planning water system in cotton. This framework is explicit for a harvest and subsequently its use is restricted. Appropriate booking of water system is basic for effective water the executives in crop creation, especially under states of water shortage. The impacts of the applied measure of water system water, water system recurrence and water use are especially significant. To further develop water effectiveness there should be a legitimate water system planning methodology. So our venture gadgets a straightforward framework, utilizing IOT to robotize the water system and watering of little pruned plants or yields with insignificant manual intercessions. The principle segment of our framework, the Arduino board, which is a microcontroller, controls the computerized associations and connection between these items with the goal that they can detect and control the actual world and henceforth have the option to act in reality. We will empower the sensors to distinguish the progressions in the environmental elements, send information to a proper passage, like a PC, which thusly, gets to different actual types of gear, remotely over the web.

Present Irrigation System

Surface water system: It is characterized as a most normal type of water system all through the world which is drilled in numerous spaces for millennia. Surface water system is likewise eluded as flood water system which infers that the water dispersion is uncontrolled and accordingly it is innately wasteful. These are of three kinds: (a) Level bowl: In this method the top finish of the field is applied with water where it will stream over the entire field. After the water arrives at the finish of field it gets run going to lake. It is a fundamental kind of water system framework which is utilized in our country everywhere premises. Water wastage isn't useful for dry region. (b)Furrow water system bowl:

This water system bowl is utilized in the creation of vegetables. It enjoys a few benefits that entire field isn't loaded up with water instead of water is applied in wrinkles. This saves water simultaneously and then again the plant isn't in direct contact with water as certain plants like creation of Vegetables are exceptionally delicate to beat water. Wrinkles are inclining diverts which are framed in the dirt. This method makes plant to get water in its root zone and hence plant isn't in direct contact with water. (c) Border strip water system bowl:- In line strip water system which uses land shaped into strips which is evened out across the Narrow measurement for example width and the slanting is done in long measurements for example length, is Formed. During water system, water is poured at the upper finish of the boundary strip, and it is progressed down the strip. Boundary strip water system is perhaps the most convoluted water system techniques.

It is appropriate to inundate all developing harvests like wheat, grain, fodder.2. Trickle water system: To keep water protection move, we can push ahead with dribble water system. It is additionally named



as miniature water system or stream water system. It is a productive procedure which is fundamentally utilized in hot tropical conditions. It saves water and compost .It permits water to trickle gradually to the foundation of plants through valves, pipes, tubing and so forth It is finished with the assistance of thin .It is finished with the assistance of tight cylinders which conveys water straightforwardly to the foundation of the plant. An investigation of land geology, soil, water preservation is expected to decide most appropriate dribble water system framework. The significant burden in surface water system was it results to water logging, in case there isn't appropriate seepage because of which harvest gets thrived henceforth usefulness gets influenced. However, in this we are giving water as prerequisite of drop accordingly there is no issue of overwatering.3. Sprinkler water system: In sprinkler water system conveyance of water is through a compressed line organization to the spouts of sprinkler which splashes the water into the air. All in all we can say that, it is a kind of fake downpour. The essential segments of this water system are water source, constrain siphon to compress the water, a line organization to disseminate the water over the field, the Sprinklers to shower the water over the ground and Valves to control the water stream.

Advantages of Drip Irrigation

(a) It saves water because of probability of utilizing saline water. (b) Efficient and government assistance utilization of fertilizers. (c) Installation is simple and adaptability in operation. (d) Suits to a wide range of land territory and likewise reasonable to squander lands.(e) Enhances plant development and yield and better nature of produce.(f) Weed development is less.(g) Saves work works. (h) No dirt disintegration which saves land. (I) Minimum sicknesses and irritation control.

Literature Survey

These days, different networks are vivaciously considering and investigating the extent of Internet of Things in different fields. The idea is being joined in sensors, actuators, correspondence and controlling. Commitments have been made to digital actual frameworks, unavoidable registering and remote sensor networks as well[1]. Smart energy in structures was fabricated and tried utilizing the IoT. Information of recent years was gathered for a structure and afterward deliberately investigated. It was seen that the idea of green structure flopped horribly because of the brought together and static controls in the structure. So the fundamental thought of green figuring in structures was not accomplished. Acquainting the IoT idea with a similar situation empowered multi scale energy proportionality, and control was decentralized and area based robotization was given to a similar framework. Thus, worked on monetary advantages, energy levels and better execution were gotten [2]. Urban IoT frameworks would have the option to help the vision of a savvy city, where the most exceptional correspondence framework can be taken advantage of alongside the additional help for the organization administrations of the city and its residents [3]. A extensive measure of AI techniques, information mining plans likewise must be carried out as the information gathered is from heterogonous sources and consequently changes in its sort and portrayals [4].Research is likewise being done to present the utilization of satellite correspondence to work with admittance to sensors situated in distant regions. Such distantly found sensors require more than the ordinary earthbound organization, subsequently the satellite correspondence organization. This idea is being known as the web of far off things (IoRT), an augmentation to

the IoT. The IoRT can work the interportability between satellite frameworks and sensors/actuators and furthermore offer help for IPv6 over the satellite organization [5]. The most recent improvement in the equivalent has been the convention heap of IEEE 802.15.4 and the IETF working gatherings. These empower widespread web network; give a bunch of directing conventions which empower accessibility and consistent vehicle and backing for web applications [6]. In the IoT, each genuine element becomes virtual. Every element is given a locatable, addressable and coherent partner of its own on the web. The telephone of a client turns into his personality on the web, and consequently it requires insurance from dangers. The fundamental test that lies prior to acknowledging IoT, all things considered, is to moderate and restrict the effect of such assaults, rather forestall the actual assaults [7].

Research framework

Availability Models: Internet of things executions utilize a great deal of specialized interchanges plans, each with its own components. Four far reaching correspondences plans clarified by the Internet Architecture Board contains: Device to Device, Device to Cloud, Device to Gateway, and Back End Data Sharing. These models feature the adaptability in the manners that Internet of things gadgets can join and designate worth to the end users. A remote sensor based water system control framework is utilized to boost the effectiveness of yield creation. This created water system technique can be utilized in the creation of kharif crops in semi- parched regions. In prior technique they have utilized Bluetooth innovation yet here we are utilizing more wired innovation. The proposed framework has been acknowledged in type of 3 convenient units. These are named as base station framework (BSS), valve framework (VS) and sensor framework (SS). The entirety of the frameworks are associated with UDEA brand 434 MHz RF module, 7 V, 1.8 W sunlight based panel(s) and low power. Microchip regulator Decagon chip. PIC18F452 miniature brand soil dampness is found in SS which sends information of soil dampness the information to base got station unit's assesses from SS and chooses what piece of region should be inundated and which kinds of signs should be sent as open or close data to valve unit. In the created framework 25-124 soil dampness sensor has been utilized to quantify dampness content of soil.250-124 requires 12 vdc+20% @ 40ma. The MCU of ATMEL Company which has determination as 20mz oscillator recurrence, inside RAM of 768 bytes, 256 bytes EEPROM and 40 pin information input bundle with 34 I/O pins. Remote module model named as ufm-m12 advertises by udea innovation INC. It is utilized for soil dampness sensor. A 434 MHz low commotion remote framework is additionally utilized. Valve unit has been associated with remote module. It is customized by RD6 pin of miniature regulator.

Implementation

IoT can undoubtedly gather assorted scope of information from different far off areas also. IoT gives different articles, gadgets, building, people and so forth with special character over an organization and the capacity to move information over the organization. No human-to-human or human-to-PC connection is required as all the correspondence happens remotely over the web.

Code

The fundamental segment of our framework is the Arduino board, which is a microcontroller. It controls the computerized associations

and connection between these articles so they can detect and control the actual world and thus have the option to act in reality.

Figure1: Sample Code to set up the arduino.

```
void setup(){
Serial.begin(115200); //FROM MEGA TO PC
Serial3.begin(oldBaud); //FROM MEGA TO
ESP8266
delay(200);
if (!resetESP8266()) {stopProgram ();}
getVersion();
if (setBaudrate(String(newBaud)))) {
Serial3.begin(newBaud);
delay (200);
if (!resetESP8266()) {stopProgram ();}
}
```

The WiFi module empowers us to remotely control the different parts of the circuit. This module empowers the sensors to remotely detect and recognize signals over the web. In our task, we will empower the sensors to recognize the progressions in the environmental factors, send information to a decent passageway, like a PC, which thusly, gets to different actual supplies, remotely over the web.

Figure 2: Sample code to reset the WiFi module.

```
bool resetESP8266 () {
  Serial.print("AT+RST");
  Serial3.setTimeout(5000);
  Serial3.println("AT+RST");
    String get;
  Serial3.flush();
  while (Serial3.available() > 0) { get =
    Serial3.readString(); }
  if (get.indexOf("OK") > 0) {Serial.println("...OK");
  return true;}
  Serial.println("...ERROR");
  return false;
  }
}
```

The Wifi Module (ESP8266) utilized sudden spikes in demand for 3.3v as it were. So it tends to be associated with the Arduino's 3.3v pin or independently through an inventory with 3.3v and 500mA. Be that as it may, the Arduino works at 5v. In the event that the TX and RX pin of Arduino and WIFI are associated, the circuit might become unsound and might be harmed. Consequently bidirectional rationale level converter (level shifter), to switch 3.3v to the Wi-Fi module and 5v to the Arduino is should have been associated between the two.

Figure 3: Sample code to set the Baudrate.

boolsetBaudrate(String baud) {
 Serial3.println("AT+CIOBAUD=" + baud);
 Serial.print("AT+CIOBAUD=" + baud);
 String get;
 Serial3.flush();
 get = Serial3.readString();
 if (get.indexOf("OK") > 0) {Serial.println("...OK");
 return true;}
 Serial.println("...ERROR");
 return false; }

For the blunder free wiring plan we have try to have a shared conviction. Consequently, VCC and GND are associated by voltage specs. ESP8266 shut down and RESET is associated with 3.3V for rationale high.Sensors should be test before the fundamental circuit association. Here, we will essentially print the worth of the temperature inside the Serial screen of the Arduino IDE. As we interface DHT11 Temperature or moistness sensor to our circuit and transfer the essential code to arduino programming (IDE), we get the information on our online dashboard.

Graph

Until as of late, India delighted in bountiful water assets. Be that as it may, populace development and overexploitation has prompted a circumstance where the interest for water is surpassing stockpile.

Figure 4: The graph shows exponential decrease of water per capita.

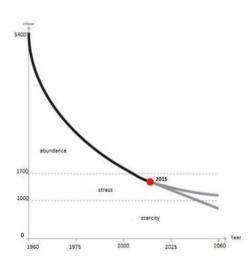


Figure 5: Humidity sensor data.

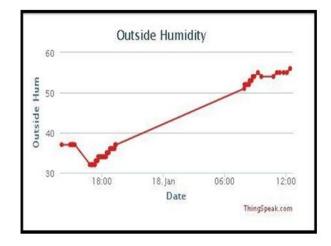


Figure 6: Temperature sensor data.



Conclusion and Future Work

The idea in future can be upgraded by incorporating GSM innovation, to such an extent that at whatever point the water siphon turns ON/OFF, a SMS is conveyed to the concerned individual in regards to the situation with the siphon. We can likewise control the siphon through SMS. Nonexclusive Platform can be applied to different applications where it can send the information about the climate encompassing the gadget working with the clients to utilize the actual gadgets without the deficiency of energy. Ranchers use water system strategy physically by which they flood the land at standard spans wherein more water is utilized henceforth water wastage. In addition in dry a very long time there is less precipitation because of which water system becomes troublesome. Consequently we require a programmed framework which will screen and control the water needed in the fields. By introducing this framework we can save time and guarantee less water wastage. Additionally this engineering utilizes IOT which guarantees an increment in framework life by

Decreasing force utilization Internet of Things would turn into a more prominent utility with expanded execution in detecting, inciting, better correspondence and control and in having the option to make valuable information from the huge measures of gathered information. With the development of IoT, expansion of more gadgets, new exploration issues do emerge, concerning how to keep up with the developing framework, keep up with associations of the physical and digital universes, receptiveness of frameworks and more issues relating security and protection.

References

- 1. Stankovic, J (2014) Research Directions for the Internet of Things. IEEE Internet Of Things Journal, 1(1), 3-9.
- Pan, J, Jain, R, Paul, S, Vu, T, Saifullah, A, & Sha, M (2015) an Internet of Things Framework for Smart Energy in Buildings: Designs, Prototype, and Experiments. IEEE Internet of Things Journal, 2(6), 527-537.

8.

9.

- Zanella, A, Bui, N, Castellani, A, Vangelista, L, &Zorzi, M (2014) Internet of Things for Smart Cities. IEEE Internet of Things Journal, 1(1), 22-32.
- Ganz, F, Puschmann, D, Barnaghi, P, &Carrez, F (2015) A Practical Evaluation of Information Processing and Abstraction Techniques for the Internet of Things. IEEE Internet Of Things Journal, 2(4), 340-354.
- De Sanctis, M, Cianca, E, Araniti, G, Bisio, I, & Prasad, R (2016) Satellite Communications Supporting Internet of Remote Things. IEEE Internet of Things Journal, 3(1), 113-123.
- Palattella, M, Accettura, N, Vilajosana, X, Watteyne, T, Grieco, L, Boggia, G, &Dohler, M (2013) Standardized Protocol Stack for the Internet of (Important) Things. IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials, 15(3), 1389-1406.
- Roman, R, Najera, P, & Lopez, J (2011) Securing the Internet of Things. Computer, 44(9), 51-58.
- A. Montiel-De Jesús, C. E. Morales-Constantino, S. D. Ixmatlahua-Díaz and N. L. Hernández- Chaparro. Ingeniería en Sistemas ComputacionalesInstituto Tecnológico Superior de Zongolica, Plataforma Integral para el control y monitoreo delservicio de agua potable en comunidades ruralesIntegral Platform to control and monitoring of potable water service in rural communities, 978-1-7281-5555-5/19/\$31.00 ©2019 IEEE
- Yogie Fajar Pratama, Endro Ariyanto, Siti Amatullah Karimah School of Computing Telkom University, Bandung Indonesia Prototype of Automation of Organic Fertilizer Manufacturing Systems Based on Internet of Things, 2019 7th International Conference on Information and Communication Technology (ICoICT), 978-1-5386-8052- 0/19/\$31.00 ©2019 IEEE